Sea Urchin Stonecrop

Sedum lineare 'Sea Urchin'



Sea Urchin Stonecrop foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 4 inches

Spread: 18 inches

Spacing: 15 inches

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 5b

Other Names: Carpet Sedum, Needle Stonecrop

Description:

Narrow light green leaves with striking white edges greet the eye with this lovely groundcover; excellent for rock gardens and containers; bright yellow star flowers are quite impressive; not as cold hardy as most sedums

Ornamental Features

Sea Urchin Stonecrop is bathed in stunning yellow star-shaped flowers at the ends of the stems from late spring to mid summer. Its attractive succulent narrow leaves emerge creamy white in spring, turning grayish green in color with distinctive white edges the rest of the year.



Sea Urchin Stonecrop foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Sea Urchin Stonecrop is a dense herbaceous evergreen perennial with a ground-hugging habit of growth. It brings an extremely fine and delicate texture to the garden composition and should be used to full effect.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Sea Urchin Stonecrop is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

Planting & Growing

Sea Urchin Stonecrop will grow to be only 4 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 18 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 15 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an evegreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in poor soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.